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## **INFORMATION SECURITY AS A SUBJECT OF STATE POLICY IN REPUBLIC OF BELARUS**

Today information and means of her transfer are the most important components of functioning of human society, getting force of a backbone factor in economy, culture and policy. At the same time information becomes one of the main means in the international opposition for the purpose of establishment of domination of the leading states in global information space. In the modern world the state leading in development of information and communication systems and technologies dominates also in many other strategic spheres of life: economic, cultural, military-political, etc. Thus, the problem of information security is one of the countries of the world, most urgent for the majority, including for Belarus.

With information technology development there was a need for development of means and methods of information security, as is a main goal of information security. The information security plays a key role in ensuring the vital interests and national security of any state. Dynamics of formation of global information society demands, first of all, creation of adequate legal conditions for protection of information spaces of the certain states on the basis of a priority of the rights and legitimate interests of the personality. According to the Concept of national security of Republic of Belarus, the information security of the state represents providing a condition of safety of his information resources and security of the rights of the personality and society in the information environment from the casual or deliberate influences of natural or artificial character fraught with causing damage to owners or users of information and the supporting infrastructure [2]. It is a part of the general national security and also a condition of protection of national interests of Republic of Belarus against internal and external threats.

For realization of policy of information security in Republic of Belarus classification of potential threats and concrete aspects on which public authorities will make tracking of dangers and harm is carried out. Important aspect is creation of restriction of access to citizens of the country to the harmful websites on the Internet containing the appeals to production and realization of weapon conducting the violence promotion, human trafficking containing the pornographic materials which are carrying out sale of drugs. Besides the harmful websites, the semi-legal and illegal websites of different function and also social networks and various messengers can constitute danger. At the same time, forces of the state are directed to creation of information websites which activity is directed to promotion and assistance to the workers and tourists who are going abroad with definite purposes and also the victims of family and psychological violence in family, to teenagers.

Essential danger to national security of Republic of Belarus, as well as to other states, various religious sects, followers of extremist currents, etc. and also unscrupulous bloggers represent on the Internet. Their propaganda and manipulative activity in information space destructively influences consciousness of people, declining them to illegal acts. The relevant structures of the state combat the purpose of prevention of impunity of their actions and their suppression per se.

With penetration of technical means of processing and data transmission into all spheres of activity of the person also cases of plunder of personal data, network swindles and other cybercrimes have become frequent. Security services of the enterprises of all fields of activity carefully trace the facts of presence at their internal information networks of various programs of virus contents. The analysis of a criminogenic situation in the country demonstrates that the number of the revealed crimes in the sphere of high technologies increases from year to year, and it is necessary to make essential efforts on their control.

Republic of Belarus keeps to some extent a political neutrality that allows to secure to some extent the state against cyber attacks at the international level. However threat for any state is information

invasion of various secret services or the terrorist groups which, most often, pursue the aims of change of the political management (mode) of this or that country, removal from balance of stability of the state and society. The relevant structures in Republic of Belarus trace in the most serious way and stop the similar facts.

Use of information as weapon has entered the term "information war" which means and methods are promotion and misinformation into everyday life of society. By means of distribution of false information and promotion it is easy for the trained agents to carry out manipulation of consciousness of people that can cause concern and lead to serious disorganization of large public groups. Therefore it is paramount important the selectivity method at perception of this or that information in world information space is. Responsibility in this case lays down directly on shoulders of users of electronic resources.

Protection of information space extends also to prevention of information leakages from the state which has determined a certain level of privacy. At the same time practice shows that it is necessary to protect not only the classified information, but also the related not confidential. In Republic of Belarus for ensuring political stability at the Security council the Interdepartmental Commission on Security in the information sphere has been created. The created commission is engaged in the analysis of security status in the information sphere, takes measures for her providing, participates in definition of national interests of our country and development of priority activities of state agencies on identification and neutralization of internal and external threats to security in the information sphere. In addition, protection against external threats of national security in the information sphere is carried out by participation of Republic of Belarus in the international treaties regulating world information exchange on an equal basis in creation and use of interstate, international global information networks and systems.

Thus, in modern conditions the information security gains the increasing importance and is one of the priority directions of ensuring national security of Republic of Belarus.

*1. The review of the legislation of Republic of Belarus in the sphere of informatization. [Digital recourse]. Access mode: <http://www.pravo.by/novosti/novosti-pravo-by/2018/february/27542/> 2. Concept of national security of The Republic of Belarus. [Digital recourse]. Access mode: <http://mvd.gov.by/main.aspx?guid=1496> 3. Protection of the information space of The Republic of Belarus. [Digital recourse]. Access mode: <https://bydc.info/analytics/286-zashchita-informatsionnogo-prostranstva-respubliki-belarus-natsionalnaya-bezopasnost-vs-prava-cheloveka> 4. Modern information wars and their influence on political stability of the state. [Digital recourse]. Access mode: <https://cyberleninka.ru/article/n/sovremennye-informatsionnye-voyny-i-ih-vliyanie-na-politicheskuyu-stabilnost-gosudarstva> 5. Interdepartmental Commission on Security in the information sphere. [Digital recourse]. Access mode: <http://www.pravo.by/novosti/novosti-pravo-by/2017/november/26439/>*